今天一樣兩組為一個單位,

且這此的實驗不用跑pspice

E2.0 Characteristic Curves

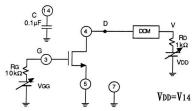


Figure 8.5 A Circuit for Measuring Device Characteristics

E2.1 The Output Characteristic

- Assemble the circuit in Fig. 8.5,
- Set V_{GG} = 0V to make V_G = 0V and set V_{DD} = ? to make V_D = 10V.
 Raise V_{GG} = ? until drain current in is about 10uA. Measure v_G as Vt.
- $\bullet \quad \text{Adjust V_{DD} and V_{GG} to control v_{GS} and v_{DS} to get i_D to finish follow table.} \\ Then plot i_D-v_{DS} characteristic figure.}$

v_{DS}	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5
$v_{GS}=1$										
$\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{DS}}$	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	2.75	3	4	5	6
$v_{GS}=2$										
$\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{DS}}$	0.125	0.25	0.375	0.5	0.625	0.75	1	2	4	6
$v_{GS}=4$										

E2.3 Control Characteristic

Similar as above, adjust V_{DD} and V_{GG} to control v_{GS} and v_{DS} to get i_D to finish follow table.
 Then plot i_D - v_{GS} characteristic figure.

V_{GS}	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5
$v_{DS}=5$										
v _{DS} =10										

* E2.2 Output Resistance

- With the setup as in Exp. 2.1 above, and with v_{GS} = v_{DS} = 5 V, measure i_D.
- Now raise v_{DS} to 10 V, noting the increase in i_D.
 Then use current equation to calculate λ, V_A, τ_O