

# 國立臺北大學自然資源與環境管理研究所

## 100 學年度第一學期『環境工程科學概論』

### 課程講義(六)：成長模式－環境數學概要

#### ● INTRODUCTION

- Description, Modeling, and Prediction
- Quantity, Measurement, Scalar => “Number+Unit” => Dimensionless Analysis
- Uncertainty, What-If, Simulation, and Scenario Analysis
- Conceptual, Analytical vs. Numerical Models
  - ⇒ Concept Mapping (Mind Map)
  - ⇒ System Dynamics and System Thinking
  - ⇒ Statistical Models (?)

#### ● REVIEW OF CALCULUS

- Rate of Change => Differential Equation
  - ⇒ Increase (Ascending Tendency): Growth => Positive Rate of Change
  - ⇒ Decrease (Descending Tendency): Degradation => Negative Rate of Change
- Ordinary Differential Equation (ODE) and Partial Differential Equation (PDE)
- Degree and Order of an Ordinary Differential Equation

#### ● EXPONENTIAL GROWTH

- Continuous Compounding and First Order Degradation
- Doubling Time and Half-Life
- Disaggregated Growth Rates => IPAT and Kaya Identity
- Exponential Resource Production Rates
- Symmetrical Production Curve => Normal (Gaussian) Distribution
- The Hubbert Hypothesis => Hubbert Peak of Oil Production

#### ● POPULATION GROWTH

- Logistic Growth and Maximum Sustainable Yield
  - ⇒ Carrying Capacity
  - ⇒ Maximum Sustainable Yield
- Indices of Demography
  - ⇒ Crude birth rate
  - ⇒ Fertility rate
  - ⇒ Crude death rate
- Age Structure and Population Momentum
- Human Population Projection

- NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY

- Isotopes, Radiations, and Measurement
- Atom Decay and Half Life
- Nuclear Fission
  - ⇒ Relativity Theory:  $E = mc^2$
  - ⇒ Chain Reactions
- Nuclear Power Generation
  - ⇒ Nuclear Reactors
  - ⇒ Treatment and Disposal of Nuclear (Spent) Fuels and Radioactive Wastes
  - ⇒ 台灣現有核能電廠裝置容量表

| 廠別     | 核能一廠                    | 核能二廠                    | 核能三廠                   |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 位置     | 台北縣石門鄉                  | 台北縣萬里鄉                  | 屏東縣恆春鎮                 |
| 商業運轉日期 | #1: 67年12月<br>#2: 68年7月 | #1: 70年12月<br>#2: 72年3月 | #1: 73年7月<br>#2: 74年5月 |
| 裝置容量   | 636 千瓩×2                | 985 千瓩×2                | 951 千瓩×2               |
| 反應器    | 輕水反應器 (沸水式)             | 輕水反應器 (沸水式)             | 輕水反應器 (壓水式)            |

- 第四核能發電廠 (現定名為『龍門核能發電廠』)
  - ⇒ 進步型沸水式反應爐；兩部容量各為 1,350,000 瓩之發電機組。
  - ⇒ 行政院通過台電核四建設案：1980.5；動工日期：1999.03.17 (經 3 次延宕)
  - ⇒ 原定裝填燃料棒日期：2010.12；暫定設定裝填燃料棒日期：2012.04
  - ⇒ 原定商轉日期：2011.12；暫定設定商轉日期：2013.04
  - ⇒ 原本預算：約 1800 億；迄今追加累計預算：約 2700 億
  - ⇒ 台電核能資訊專區 [http://www.taipower.com.tw/left\\_bar/nuclear4/index.html](http://www.taipower.com.tw/left_bar/nuclear4/index.html)
  - ⇒ 財團法人核能資訊中心 <http://www.nicenter.org.tw/index.php>

- WATER CHEMISTRY

- Physical Properties of Water
- State of Solution Impurities
  - ⇒ Distillation, Precipitation, Adsorption, and Liquid Extraction => Suspensions
- Concentration Units in Aqueous Solutions or Suspensions
  - ⇒ ppm vs. mg/L; Normality and Equivalent Weight
- Buffers => Buffering Capacity
- Transport and Fate of Water Pollutants

- ATMOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY

- Compressible Fluids vs. Incompressible Fluids
- Ideal Gas Law and Ideal Gas Constant
- Dalton's Law of Partial Pressures and Henry Constant
- Photochemical Reactions