國立臺北大學自然資源與環境管理研究所 110 學年度第一學期『環境工程科學概論』

課程講義(03):物質與能量平衡、環境計量 Conservation of Material and Energy; Stoichiometry and Environmetrics

	INTRODUCTION — UNIFYING THEORIES □ Conservation of Matter => Chemical Reactions (Bio-Sensor)
	☐ Conservation of Energy => Laws of Thermodynamics (Entropy)
	\Box Conservation of Matter and Energy => The Theory of Relativity (E=MC ²)
	MATERIAL BALANCE Control Volume, Control Mass, and System Stoody State vs. Transit or Dynamic => Page of Change => Sink/Source
	☐ Steady State vs. Transit or Dynamic => Rate of Change => Sink/Source (Accumulation Rate) = (Input Rate) – (Output Rate) ± (Transformation Rate) ☐ Steady-State Conservative Systems => Non-conservative Pollutants
	☐ Batch Systems with Non-Conservative Pollutants
•	ENERGY BALANCE
	☐ First Law of Thermodynamics ⇒ Thermal Unit of Energy; Specific Heat Capacity
	⇒ Latent Heat, Overheated Stream, Subcritical and Supercritical
	⇒ Pressurized Water Reactors (vs. Boiling Water Reactors)
	□ Second Law of Thermodynamics
	⇒ Energy: Heat, Kinetic Energy, Potential, Electricity, etc.
	 ⇒ Work, Unusable Energy, Entropy and Disorderness/Randomness ⇒ Thermal Efficiency: Carnot Engine => Fuel Cell
	⇒ Thermal Power Plants: Coal, Oil and Natural Gas; Combined Cycle
	☐ Conductive and Convective Heat Transfer
	□ Radiant Heat Transfer
	⇒ Solar Energy: Heat vs. Photovoltaic
	☐ Heat Engine vs. Heat Pump
	Unit of Measurement
	Basic Units: Length, Mass, Time, and Temperature
	☐ International System of Units (SI) vs. Imperial System (U.S. customary units)
	□ Extended Units: Concentration, Dose, ppm(m), ppb(v), Energy, "Equivalent" ⇒Units for Air Pollutants: ppm(v), ppb(v), μg/m³, iTEQ
	⇒Units for Water Pollutants: mg/L, ppm(m), μ-mho/cm
	⇒Units for Soil Contaminants: mg/kg, meq/100g (CEC)
	STOICHIOMETRY AND ENVIRONMETRICS
	☐ Chemical Reaction => Chemical Kinetics => Differential Equations
	☐ Statistical/Quantitative Methods => Environmental Informatics