國立臺北大學自然資源與環境管理研究所 102學年度第二學期『環境災害與風險管理』

課程講義 (10-11):健康風險評估

Health Risk Assessment

- **R**: Robson, M. and W. Toscano (Editors), 2007, *Risk Assessment for Environmental Health*, John Wiley, Hoboken, N.J.
- M: Masters, G. M. and W. P. Ela, 2008, *Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science*, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, Upper Saddle River, N.J.

USEPA: Framework for Human Health Risk Assessment to Inform Decision Making <u>http://www.epa.gov/raf/files/hhra-framework-final-2014.pdf</u> http://ivy5.epa.gov.tw/epalaw/docfile/033310.pdf 健康風險評估技術規範

• INTRODUCTION

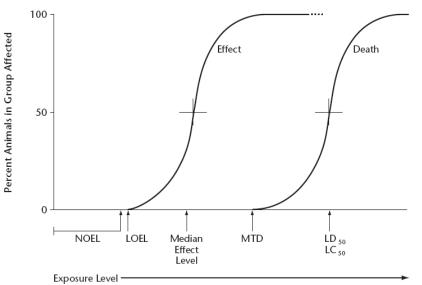
- □ Assessment vs. Analysis; Risk Assessment vs. Risk Management
- □ Environmental Impact Assessment => Human Health Impact => Risk Assessment
- □ 'A Priori' Health Risk vs. 'Posterior' Epidemiological Survey
- □ Health Risk Assessment => Environmental Issues or Public Health Concerns
- □ 中科三期七星農場環評爭議 =>《<u>健康風險評估技術規範</u>》
- Definition of Environmental Health Risk Assessment (**R**-p.11):
 "systematic scientific characterization of potential adverse health effects resulting from human exposures to hazardous agents or situations"
- □ Types of Risk Concerned
 - ⇒ Human Health and Safety; Ecological Systems
 - ⇒ Social Welfare and Cultural Heritage; Financial and Investment
- □ Risk Assessment Steps
 - \Rightarrow Hazard Identification / Evaluation / Characterization
 - \Rightarrow Effects / Losses / Impacts Assessment
 - ⇒ Assessment of Occurrence Probability
 - ⇒ Characterization (NOT 'Quantification') of Risk
 - ⇒ Risk Communication and Risk Management

EXHIBIT 2.2. OBJECTIVES OF RISK ASSESSMENT.

1. Balance risks and benefits.	EXHIBIT 2.3. BIOLOGICAL END POINTS.
• Drugs	Cancers
Pesticides	Mutations
2. Set target levels of risk.	Birth defects
 Food contaminants 	 Reproductive toxicity
Water pollutants	 Immunological toxicity
3. Set priorities for program activities.	 Neurobehavioral toxicity
 Regulatory agencies 	 Organ-specific effects
Manufacturers	 Endocrine modulation or disruption
• Environmental and consumer organizations	 Ecosystem effects
4 Estimate residual risks and extent of risk reduction after steps are taken to reduce risks	

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- ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT OF HUMAN HEALTH (M-chp.4)
 - Hazard Identification 危害性鑑定(危害確認)
 - Dose-Response Assessment 劑量效應評估
 - Exposure Assessment 暴露量評估
 - Risk Characterization 風險特徵評估(風險特徵描述)
- HAZARDS TO HUMAN HEALTH
 - \Box Acute Toxicity (**R**-p.79)
 - \Rightarrow Lethal Dose (LD₅₀) and Maximum Tolerated Dose (MTD)
 - ⇒ Threshold: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level (LOAEL) and NOAEL
 - □ Chronic Toxicity
 - ⇒ Mutagenic, Carcinogenic and Teratogenic Effects (MCT effects)
 - \Rightarrow Threshold (?) => Cancer Potency
 - ⇒ Weight-of-Evidence Categories for Human Carcinogenicity (M-p.145~146)
 - □ Sub-chronic Toxicity



• EVENTS, SITES OR SOURCES THAT CAUSE HEALTH HAZARDS

- Work Places and Daily
 - Living

- □ Specified Sites => 'Superfund' Sites
- □ Soil and Groundwater Contamination
- \Box Chemical Release or Spills => PRTR
- \square Mobile Source of Air Pollution => MTBE
- □ Hazard Waste Treatment and Disposal
- □ Food Additives, Detergents => NP (Environmental Hormones or Endocrine Disruptors)
- □ Incinerators, Power Plants (including Nuke), Industrial Production Plants => 「開發行為」
- □ Events and Facilities Involved Emotion Aspects of Outrage, Suspicion, Perception, and Belief
- HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT #5 (To be included in the Final Report): 請利用「環評書件 查詢系統 http://eiareport.epa.gov.tw/EIAWEB/main.aspx ?func=00」, 篩選開發行為適用 健康風險評估技術規範第1條:「進行危害性化學物質之健康風險評估作業」相關案例。