國立臺北大學自然資源與環境管理研究所 100學年度第二學期『環境系統分析』

課程講義(七):網路模式與專案管理 Network Models and Project Management

• MORE ON GAMS PROGRAMMING

• INTEGER PROGRAMMING

PROTOTYPE EXAMPLE

The CALIFORNIA MANUFACTURING COMPANY is considering expansion by building a new factory in either Los Angeles or San Francisco, or perhaps even in both cities. It also is considering building at most one new warehouse, but the choice of location is restricted to a city where a new factory is being built. The *net present value* (total profitability considering the time value of money) of each of these alternatives is shown in the fourth column of Table 12.1. The rightmost column gives the capital required (already included in the net present value) for the respective investments, where the total capital available is \$10 million. The objective is to find the feasible combination of alternatives that maximizes the total net present value.

TABLE 12.1	Data for the	California	Manufacturing	Co.	example
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Decision Number	Yes-or-No Question	Decision Variable	Net Present Value	Capital Required
1	Build factory in Los Angeles?	<i>x</i> ₁	\$9 million	\$6 million
2	Build factory in San Francisco?	x2	\$5 million	\$3 million
3	Build warehouse in Los Angeles?	x3	\$6 million	\$5 million
4	Build warehouse in San Francisco?	<i>x</i> ₄	\$4 million	\$2 million

Capital available: \$10 million

Maximize $Z = 9x_1 + 5x_2 + 6x_3 + 4x_4$,

subject to

• NETWORK MODEL

- \Box Introduction => c.f.: Continuous Mathematical Programming
- □ Terminology: Node (Vertex), Arc (Link), Path, and Graph (Tree); Flow and Direction
- □ Network Models with Linear Programming Formulation (Hillier Chap.8)

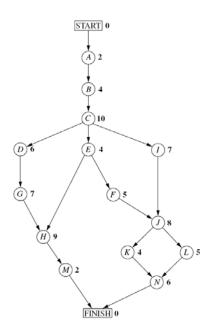
 \Rightarrow The Transportation and Assignment Problems

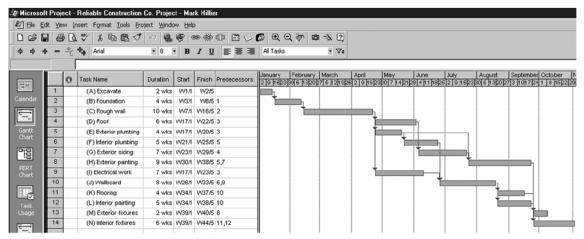
- □ Classical Network Programming Models (Hillier, Chap.9)
 - \Rightarrow Shortest-Path Problem
 - ⇒Minimum Spanning Tree Problem

⇒Maximum Flow Problem

- \Rightarrow Minimum Cost Flow Problem
- D Other Models: Traveling Salesman Problem
- PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND PERT/CPM
 - Introduction to Project Management
 - \Rightarrow *A project is a collection of tasks that must be completed in minimum* **time** *or at minimal* **cost***.*
 - \Rightarrow Other Resources: Human resource, materials..., etc.
 - ⇒Presentations: Gantt Chart, Arrow Diagram (Network)
 - □ The phases of project management (Ravindran, 2009):
 - ⇒Planning; Organizing; Scheduling; Controlling.
 - □ Constraints for Project Management (Ravindran, 2009):
 - \Rightarrow Schedule constraints (time limitation)
 - \Rightarrow Cost constraints (budget limitation)
 - \Rightarrow Performance constraints (quality limitation)
 - □ Solution Techniques for Project Management:
 - ⇒Critical Path Method (CPM)
 - ⇒Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT)
 - □ Prototype Example: Hillier Reliable Construction Co.
 - TABLE 10.1 Activity list for the Reliable Construction Co. project

Activity Activity Description		Immediate Predecessors	Estimated Duration	
A	Excavate	_	2 weeks	
В	Lay the foundation	A	4 weeks	
С	Put up the rough wall	В	10 weeks	
D	Put up the roof	С	6 weeks	
Ε	Install the exterior plumbing	С	4 weeks	
F	Install the interior plumbing	E	5 weeks	
G	Put up the exterior siding	D	7 weeks	
Н	Do the exterior painting	E, G	9 weeks	
1	Do the electrical work	ć	7 weeks	
1	Put up the wallboard	F, 1	8 weeks	
ĸ	Install the flooring	í.	4 weeks	
L	Do the interior painting	, I	5 weeks	
М	Install the exterior fixtures	Ĥ	2 weeks	
Ν	Install the interior fixtures	K, L	6 weeks	





• HOMEWORK #3 (2012/04/17 Due): Please use Microsoft Project to construct a *project* (including Gantt Chart and the "project network") for completing your own thesis research.