

國立臺北大學自然資源與環境管理研究所
107 學年度第二學期 『環境系統分析專題』

課程講義(15)：非線性規劃與演算法
Nonlinear Programming and Algorithms

- NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING -- INTRODUCTION
 - Formulations of the Models and Complexity
 - Local Optima vs. Global Optima
 - Convexity and Convex Programming
 - ⇒ Convexity of a Function: Convex, Concave and Un-determinant
 - ⇒ Convex Region vs. Non-convex Region
 - Analytical Solutions vs. Numerical Solutions
 - ⇒ Linearization of Nonlinear Objective Function => May not be necessary nowadays!
 - ⇒ Software Packages => Lingo, What'sBest, Euler etc.
 - Nonlinear Programming (Chapter 13) in Applied Mathematical Programming (<http://web.mit.edu/15.053/www/AMP-Chapter-13.pdf>)

- UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION
 - Minima, Maxima and Saddle Points
 - ⇒ Necessary Conditions and Sufficient Conditions
 - Gradient of a Function (First Derivatives)
 - Hessian Matrix (Second Derivatives)
 - ⇒ Positively Definite: All the Eigenvalues are Positive

- LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS AND OTHER METHODS
 - Lagrange Multiplier Method
 - ⇒ Constraints with All Equalities
 - ⇒ Properties of the Lagrange Multipliers
 - Kuhn-Tucker Conditions: Constraints with Inequalities
 - Gradient Search Procedure (Greedy) => Danger of Being Trapped at Local Optima
 - Applying Maximum Entropy Principle to Solving the Unfair Dice Problem

- ALGORITHMS FOR NONLINEAR PROGRAMS
 - Numerical Methods (Chang, 2002, Chap.5)
 - ⇒ Newton Method, Conjugative Direction and Conjugative Gradient Methods
 - Top-Ten Algorithms
 - Heuristic Algorithms => Soft Computation => Emulation of Natural Phenomena
 - ⇒ Artificial Neural Network; Genetic Algorithms
 - ⇒ Simulated Annealing; Tabu Search
 - ⇒ Ant Search, Ant Colony Algorithm, Swarm Intelligence, etc.

- OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHMS (Wikipedia)

- Monte Carlo Simulation (Metropolis Algorithm)
- Simplex Algorithm of George Dantzig, designed for linear programming
- Interactive Methods: Newton's method, Sequential quadratic programming...
- Global Convergence
- Heuristic (Metaheuristic) Algorithms

In computer science and mathematical optimization, a metaheuristic is a higher-level procedure or heuristic designed to find, generate, or select a heuristic (partial search algorithm) that may provide a sufficiently good solution to an optimization problem, especially with incomplete or imperfect information or limited computation capacity.

⇒ Local search vs. global search; Single-solution vs. population-based

⇒ Hybridization and memetic algorithms; Nature-inspired metaheuristics

